٠٠ مدايلىپريس، كراچى - بدھ، 30 جۇرى، 2019ء

فورشِفائيدُ آثا، تيل اورگھي بالڪل جھي نقصان ده نہيں،اللدنواز

کراچی (رونس ر پورو) تھر ڈیپ رورل ڈیو لینٹ پروگرام (ٹی آرڈی پی) کے چیف ایٹر نکٹروآ فیسر اللہ لواز سومروئے محام خصوصا آل مالکان بتا تارہ خوردہ محوک فروشوں میں آئے بھی ، تیل کی فرڈیکیٹین کے بارے میں آگائی پیدا کرنے پرزوردیا ہے کیونکہ (باق صفحہ 5 نیمر 76)

(76) الله نواز جنيد ما كذا

ملک جریعی لاکھوں لوگوں جن میں زیادہ تر خواتین اور بچے
شال بیں ان اشیائے خوردونی میں فیادہ تر خواتین اور بچے
کی وجہ بری طرح حالاً ہوئے ہیں۔ اس موقع پر کئی
کی آئی کے صدر جدید اسا علی ما کڈ اننا نائی صدر آصف شخ
جاوید ممایق نائی صدر آخا شہاب اجمہ حال، فیجنگ مینی
کی ارائیس اور مند فی فواتھ ارئی کے فائند سے دو مگر مجی موجود
فی آرڈی پی کی تجویز سے انفاق کرتے ہوئے کئی کی آئی
اور ٹی آرڈی پی کے تجویز سے انفاق کرتے ہوئے کئی کی آئی
اور ٹی آرڈی پی کے جویز سے انفاق کرتے ہوئے کئی کی آئی
اور ٹی آرڈی پی کے خواتی ایک عشورہ دیا۔

ئی آری ڈی بی کراچی چیمبر کے ساتھ مل کر ریسر چ وڈیولیمنٹ کے شعبوں میں کام کرسکتا ہے ،الندنواز سوم وکی کے پی می آئی دور پر گفتگو

مشتر کہ آگائی مہم شروع کرنے کے لیے ٹی آرڈی لی کراچی چیمبر کے ساتھ ایم او پوسائن کرے،صدر کے بی بی آئی جنید ماکڈا کا خطاب

كرتے برزورديا بے كيونك ملك تجريش لا كھوں لوكوں جن يس زیادہ تر خوا تین اور یح شامل ہیں ان اشائے خوروونوش میں غذائت كالالكى كى ددے مك طرح متار موت ين _ فورثيفائيدُ آتا، تيل اور هي بالكل بهي نقصان دونيس بلكه وٹامن اے، ڈی اور دیگر معد تات انسانی جیم کے لیے صحت بخش ہن لنذاا کے صحت مندمعاشرے کی تھیل لیٹنی بنانے کے لے تمام طبعے کے لوگوں میں فوریقیکیشن کی اہمیت کوا جا گر کرنے کی ضرورت ہے۔ان خبالات کا اظہار انہوں نے کے ی تی آئی ، ٹی آرڈی لی فوڈ فور تعلیشن مرکزام اور لاکے اللہ کے مشتركة كاي يشن كانعقاد كموقع برخطاب مي كالاس موقع رکے ی ی آئی کے صدر چندا ساعیل ماکذا، نائے صدر آصف في طاويد سابق نائب صدر آغا شهاب احمد خان، منجنگ میٹی کے اراکین اور سندھ فوڈ اتھارئی کے نمائدے ود مرجمی موجود تھے۔اللہ فواز سومرونے فی آرؤی فی استا کے 35 ہزار خواتین کوربیت دی گئی۔

كراجي (كامرى ربورثر) قروي رورل ويولينت يروكرام (ني آرؤي لي) كے چيف الكيزيكيلية فيسراللدلوازسوم و نے عوام خصوصاً مل مالکان ، تاجر ،خورده و تعوک فروشوں میں آئے بھی ، تیل کی فرتفکیشن کے بارے میں آگای عدا

روزنامة برس (12) 30جوري 2019ء



کراچی اگراچی چیبر آف کامر اید اید ایش مرک کے صدر جنید اساعیل ما کدا تھروی دور ل ٹو پیٹنٹ پر وگرام (فی آرڈی نی) کے چیف ایگزیکیو تا فیسر اللہ تواز سوم و کوشیلڈ و ب رہے ہیں

 کی حکومت باکتان، حکومت سندھ اور لوکے اللہ کے تعاون سے مخلف مرکرموں کا ذکر کرتے ہوئے کماک ان تمام مر گرموں اورآ گائی سیشنو کے دوران بحوں، خواتمن کوغذائت ے بر بورخوراک کی فراہی کے لیے آئے ، کھی اور تیل ش اضافی وٹامنز، آئزن اور دیگر منرلز کی آمیزش کے بارے ش شرکاءکو بتایا گیا تا کہ غذائیت کی کی اورنشونما رکنے کے مسائل ے تمثا جاسکے۔ان گریلواشاہ میں وٹامنز اورمعد نیات شامل کرنے سے بھار ہوں کی روک تھام بقوت مدافعت،حواس خسبہ کو بڑھائے اور افزائش میں کو بہتر بنانے میں مدوملتی ے۔انہوں نے کہا کہ سندھ مجرش 10 لاکھ کروں نے ٹی آر ا ڈی ٹی سے فوائد عاصل کے جید اس ادارے نے 1400 كرو على كرماته سنده مرش 22 دفار قائم كرر كھے ہى جن كے ذر ليے زراعت اور گارمنٹس كے شعبول

عوام کوناقص غذائیت سے نجات دلانا ضروری ہو گیا،اللہ نواز سومرو غمام طبقات کوغذائی فورٹی فلیشن کی اہمیت ہے آگاہ کرناہوگا میر براہ تھر ڈیویلیمنٹ پروگرام میں زیادہ تر خواتین اور بچے شامل ہیں اشیائے خورونوش كراجي (برنس ريورز) تفرؤيب رورل ويوليمنث میں غذائی اجزا کی کی کے باعث بری طرح سے پروگرام(ٹی آرڈی ٹی)کے چیف ایگزیکٹوآفیسرا لٹدنواز متاثر ہو بھے ہیں۔اس موقع برکراجی چیبر کے صدرجید مومرو نے کہا ہے عوام کو ناقص غذائیت سے نجات ولانا ضروري موكيا ہے، كے ى ى آئى، ئى آرۋى لى، فو ڈ فور ئى اساعيل ماكذاني كها كهوام بالخضوص بجول اورخواتين ميس غذائيت كى كى علين مسئلة بن يكى ب،اس مسئل يرقابويان فلیشن پروگرام اور ہو کے ایڈ کے مشتر کدا مجی سیشن سے خطاب كرت ہوئے انہوں نے كہا كيكوام كيتمام طيقات كسليح فورى ملى اقدامات ناكر يرمو عك بس، عوام كوناقص غذائت كمسك الاهرن كالحراجي جيبرادر خصوصاً مل مالكان ، تا جرول ،خورده وتحوك قروشول اور ديكر ئی آرڈی ٹی کے ماہین باہمی مفاہمت کی یادواشت (ایم او میں آئے ، کھی ، تیل کی فورٹی فلیشن کے بارے میں آگی پیدا کرنا ضروری ہو چکا ہے کیوں کہ لاکھوں پاکستانی جن اپد) پرجلدو سخط ہونے جاہئیں۔

TRDP for awareness about boosting flour, ghee & oil stressed

KARACHI: Chief Executive Officer of Rural Thardeep Development Program (TRDP) Allah Nawaz Soomro has stressed the need to raise awareness about fortification of flour, ghee and oil amongst the masses particularly millers, traders, retailers and wholesalers as millions of people mostly women and children across the country were suffering terribly due to severe malnutrition.

Speaking at an Orientation Session organized jointly by KCCI, TRDP, Food Fortification Program and UK Aid, CEO TRDP said that there was absolutely no harm in fortifying flour, oil and ghee with Vitamin A, Vitamin D and other minerals which essential for a healthy human body therefore, the importance of fortification must be promoted amongst people from all walks of life with a view to ensure a healthy socie-

The session was attended by President KCCI Junaid Esmail Makda, Vice President KCCI Asif Sheikh Javaid, Former Vice President Agha Shahab Ahmed

Khan, Managing Committee Members, representatives from Sindh Food Authority, and others.

CEO TRDP, while referring to numerous activities undertaken by TRDP in association with Government of Pakistan, Government of Sindh and UK Aid, informed that during all activities and these awareness sessions, the participants were sensitized about the addition of vitamins, iron and other minerals in flour, ghee and oil to provide nutrient filled food for children and women to overcome the malnutrition and stunted growth. "Addition of vitamins and other minerals to these household commodities would lead to disease prevention, boost immunity and improve cognitive development and productivity", he added.

He said that the around 1 million households across Sindh province have benefitted from TRDP and they have established a total of 22 offices all over Sindh with a staff of around 1400 while a total of 35,000 women have been trained so far in the agriculture and garments

sectors.

He suggested that TRDP can collaborate with Karachi Chamber in the field of Research & Development and both institutions can carry out studies, perform surveys and identify issues.

Underscoring the need for devising legislations about fortifications of flour, ghee & oil, he said that the government was currently working on the said legislations and draft has been prepared but it was going to take a lot of time as it was at initial stages.

In response, President KCCI Junaid Esmail Makda, while agreeing to CEO TRDP's suggestion, advised to sign a Memorandum of Understanding between KCCI and TRDP so that both institutions could jointly carry out awareness campaigns in the larger interest of the country, particularly Sindh province.

President KCCI pointed out that Pakistan has a high burden of malnutrition and the country is facing health and economic consequences due to under-nutrition. The National Nutrition Survey of Pakistan found that majority of children and women of reproduc-

tive age suffer from multiple micronutrient deficiencies which was a very serious issue that requires special attention.

Referring to Prime Minister's first speech to nation, Junaid Makda said that PM Imran Khan quoted a report of the UNDP which reads that Pakistan is amongst the top five countries in the world where children die because of malnutrition. "It is really unfortunate that 45 percent of Pakistani children, that is, almost every other child, suffer from this disease", he added.

Stunting has a strong link with economic well-being and every 10 percent increase in per capita income results in decline of stunting by 3.2 percent, he said, adding that Pakistan loses \$7.6 billion or three percent of its GDP each year due to malnutrition.

Referring to KCCI's liaison with Sind Food Authority, he said that the Karachi Chamber, being a socially responsible citizen, would be more than happy to work in collaboration with TRDP and extend full support to all its endeavors in Sindh.



چف ایکریش فیرنی آرڈی پی اللہ تو از سوم و کوصدر کے ہی آئی جندا ساعیل ماکذ اشلافیش کررہے ہیں

أَنْ اللَّهُ إِنْ أَلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللّ أَوْرُنِي إِنْ أَلِي اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَنْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهِ عَلَي

دونوں مما لک متعدد شعبوں میں تجارت کوفر وغ دینا چاہتے ہیں، ڈیٹی ہیڑآ ف مثن

تجارت کو بہتر کرنے کے لیے دونوں مما لک ٹی شعبول کو قریب لانے پر توجد دیں ،احمد حسن مثل اسلام آباد (کامری غوز) آذر با بیان سفار عالے اے کہا کہ یا کتان نے بھی آذر با بیان کو دیورہ آن ادائیل

نے کہا کہ پاکستان نے بھی آ ڈر پانجان کو ویزہ آن ارائیل کی سولت فراہم کرنے کا اعلان کیا ہے آسان ویزہ سولت سے دونوں مما لک کی تجارت میں بھتری آئے گی ۔ چنگیز کوریجی نے کہا کہ اس سال اپریل میں آ ڈر پانجان کے اداراکلومت ہاکوش پاکستان ،آ ڈر پانجان اور ترکی کی آیک

کے ڈپٹی ہیڈ آف میشن چگیز کورجی نے اسلام آباد چیم آف

کا مرس ایڈ اغرشری کا دورہ کیا اور چیم کرنے کا ا

کا مرس ایڈ اغرشری کا دورہ کیا اور چیم کرنے ہواران

کا اسلام ان چیت کرتے ہوئے آبا کران کا ملک پاکستان کے

ادام کی تعالیٰ ان تعالیٰ تعالیٰ کا کرکے بھی گہر کی دیچی

درکھتا ہے کیونکہ دونوں ممالک متحدد شعبوں میں المیک پاکستان

درم ہے کے ساتھ تھارت کو فروغ دیے کی عمدہ صلاحت

درم ہے کے ساتھ تھارت کو فروغ دیے کی عمدہ صلاحت

درم ہے کے ساتھ تھارت کو فروغ دیے کی عمدہ صلاحت

درمیان سیا کی طح پر عمدہ قعلقات پائے جاتے ہیں تاہم

مردرت اس بات کے پر عمدہ قعلقات پائے جاتے ہیں تاہم

مردرت اس بات کی ہے کردونوں ممالک تھارتی واقعادی

معیشتوں اور موام کو فائدہ ہوگا۔ انہوں نے کہا کہ

آذر بائیان نے پاکستان کے لیے آسان ویرہ کی ہولت

فراہم کردی ہے جس وجدے پاکتان ہے آ دربا جُان کے لیے ویزہ ورخواستوں میں دی گنا اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ انہوں

تمام طبقے کے لوگوں میں فورٹیفیکیٹن کی اہمیہ۔ کواحب اگر کرنے کی ضرورت ہے

كى ى آئى، ئى آرۋى پى، فوۋفور ئىقىكىش اور يوكايد كە گائى پردگرام سے خطاب

نی آرڈی پی نے فوائد ماصل کے جبکہ اس ادارے نے 1400 کریٹ ملے کے ساتھ سندھ بھر میں 22 دفاتر

قائم کرد کے ہیں جن کے ذریعے زراعت اور گارمنش کے شعبول میں اب تک 3 8 ہزار خواتین کو تربت دی

معیوں میں اب تک د دہرار حوامان کو تربیت دی گئے۔ نہوں نے تجویز دی کہ ٹی آرڈی کی کرا تی جمیر

ے ماتھ ریسری وڈیولہنٹ کے شعبوں میں کام کرسکا

ے اور دونوں ادارے مطالعہ مروے کرنے ادرسائل کی

نشاندی عوالے سل کام کر سکتے ہیں۔ انہون نے

آئے میں اور تیل کی فورفینکیشن کے لیے قانون سازی

كن كاخرورت يرزوردي موع كماكه عومت ال

قوائین برکام کردی ہاورڈرافٹ بھی تیارکرلیا گیا ہے

ليكن ال ميل مجمدوت الكياكا كيونك ساجى ابتدائي مراحل

مس بے کی کا آئی کے صدر جنیدا ساعیل ماکذانے

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ای اوٹی آرڈی لی کی تجویزے اتفاق کرتے ہوئے کے

الاول ارد في اردي في بوير الساس مرك او على الله المارة المارة في المردي المارة المارة المارة المارة المارة الم

یادداشت (ایم او یو) پر دیخط کرنے کا مشورہ دیا تاکہ

یادداست (ایم اولو) پردسخط کرے کا صورہ دیا تا کہ

دونون ادارے ملک بھر یا تحصوص صوبہ شدھ کے بہتر مغاد

میں مشتر کہ طور پرآگائی مہم شروع کر عمیں ۔ انہوں نے کہا

ك پاكتان من اشيام فذائيت كى كى دجه اكافى

بوجه يررباب اور ناتص غذاكى وجه علك كوصحت اور

اقضادی سائل کا سامنا کرنا پڑتا ہے۔ یا کستان کے توی

غذائي سروے سے بية جاتا ہے كدز باده تر بجول اور خواتين

عدان مردے نے پیدیا کے دریادہ مر پول اور موال

کوتولیدی عمر کے دوران نشونما کے لیے درکار غذائی اجزاکی

کی وجہ سے نقائص کا سامنا کرنا پڑتا ہے جو کہ ایک علین مسئل سے جس رخصی آندہ دینے کھنے درجہ سے جند

متلہ جس برخصوصی توجد یے کی ضرورت ہے۔ جنید ماکڈانے وزیراعظم کا قوم سے پہلے خطاب کا ذکر کرتے

ہوئے کہا کہ وزیراعظم عمران خان نے اینے اس خطاب

ہوتے آبا کہ دوریا م ممران حال کے اپ اس حطاب میں ہواین ڈی ٹی کی ایک رپورٹ کا حوالہ دیا تھاجس کے

یں یوان دی ہی کا ایک رپورے کا خوالدویا تھا ، س کے ا مطابق یا کستان دنیا کے ان ثاب یانچ مکوں میں شال

بجهال في فذائيت كاكى وجد مرجات إلى-

کراچی (برنس رپورٹر)خمرویپ رورل ڈلو کہنٹ | پروگرام(نی آرڈی پی) کے چیف انگرزیکٹیرہ آفیر اللد نواز سومرو نے عوام خصوصاً کل مالکان ، تاجر،خوردہ و تھوک

فرورو سے موام موسل کی ہوگئی ماہ برہ ورودہ و سوت فروروں میں آئے می ، تیل کی فور فیفیشن کے بارے

مردون من اے، من من من ورد ماے کوئلہ طک بحر ش

لا كھوں لوگوں جن میں زیادہ ترخواتین اور بیجے شامل ہیں

ان اشیائے خوردونوش میں غذائیت کے اجزاکی کی ک وجہ

ے بری طرح متاثر ہوتے ہیں۔ قور فیفائیڈ آٹا، ٹیل اور

معلى بالكل يمى تقصان دونيس بلكه وثامن اع، وى اور

ديگرمعدنيات انساني جم ك ليصحت بخش إلى البذاايك

صحت مندمعاشرے کی تھیل قینی بنانے کے لیے تمام

طة الكارم في فيكش الاستال الكاراك

طبقے کے لوگوں میں فورٹیکیشن کی اہمیت کواجا گر کرنے کی

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ضرورت ب-ان خیالات کا اظهار انہوں نے کے ی

آئی ، فی آرڈی پی فوڈ فور فیکیشن پروگرام اور بو کے ایڈ

کے مشتر کہ آگائی سیٹن کے انعقاد کے موقع پر خطاب میں کیا۔ اس موقع پر کے دی کی آئی کے صدر جنید اسائیل

ماكذاه نائب صدرة صف فيخ حاويد سابق نائب صدرآغا

شہاب احمد خان، نیجنگ سیٹی کے اراکین اور سندھ فوڈ

اتقارنى كفائند وريكر بحى موجود تق الشاؤاز سومرو

نے أی آرڈی لی کی حکومت یا کتان، حکومت سدهاور

یوے ایڈ کے اتعاون سے مخلف سرگرمیوں کا ذکر کرتے

ہوتے کہا کہ ان تمام مرگر میوں اور آگائی سیشنز کے

دوران بول، خواتین کوغذائیت سے بعر پورخوراک کی

فراہی کے لیےآئے ، کھی اور تیل میں اضافی وٹا منز، آئزن اور دیگر منزلزکی آمیزش کے بارے میں شرکاء کو بتایا گیا

اور و عرمز از فی امیزی کے بارے میں سرکا ، او بتایا کیا ۔ تاکہ غذائیت کی کی اور نشونما رکنے کے مسائل سے نمٹا

ا دعدایت ی فی اور حوما رہے عامل سے منا ا

جاسے ان طریع اتیاء کی دعامر اور معدیات سال کا کرنے ہے بیار ہول کی روک تھام، قوت ما نعت، حوال

خے کو بڑھانے اور اکش میں کو بہتر بنانے میں مدملتی

ے۔ انہوں نے کہا کہ شدھ بھر میں 10 لاکھ محروں نے

آئے، گھی، تیل کی فورٹیفیکیشن کے بارے میں آگاہی پڑوگرام

مطالعہ، مروے کرنے اور مسائل کی نشاندہی کے حوالے ے ل کر کام کر سکتے ہیں۔ انہوں نے آئے، کھی اور تیل كى فورىكىكيش كے ليے قانون سازى كرنے كى ضرورت ير زور وية موت كها كه حكومت ان قوانين يركام کررہی ہے اور ڈرافٹ بھی تیار کرلیا گیا ہے لیکن اس میں بکھ وقت کے گا کیونکہ یہ ابھی ابتدائی مراحل میں ہے۔ کے ی سی آئی کے صدر جنید اساعیل ماکڈانے ی ای اوئی آرڈی لی کی تجریزے اتفاق کرتے ہوئے کے ی ی آئی اور فی آرڈی لی کے ماجن یا ہمی مفاصل کی یادواشت (ایم او بو) بروستخط کرنے کا مشورہ دیا تاک دونوں ادارے ملک جر بالخصوص صوبہ سندھ کے بہتر مفاد میں مشترکہ طور پر آگاہی مہم شروع كريس - انہوں نے كہا كه باكتان ميں اشابيل غذائيت کي کمي کي وجہ ہے کافی بوجھ پڙ رہا ہے اور ناقص غذاكي وجدے ملك كوصحت اور اقتصادي مسائل كا سامنا کرنا پڑتا ہے۔ پاکستان کے قومی غذائی سروے سے پیتا چلتا ہے کہ زیادہ تر بچوں اورخوا تنین کوٹولیدی عمر کے ووران نشونما کے لیے درکار غذائی اجزا کی کی وجہ سے فقائص كا سامنا كرنا برتا يجوكد الكستلين مسلدي جس برخصوصی تو حدو ہے کی ضرورت ہے۔جنید ما کڈا نے وزیراعظم کا قوم سے پہلے خطاب کا ذکر کرتے ہوئے کہا کہ وزیراعظم عمران خان نے اپنے اس خطاب میں بواین ڈی ٹی کی ایک رپورٹ کا حوالہ دیا تھا جس کے مطابق پاکتان دنیا کے ان ٹاپ یانچ ملکوں میں شامل ہے جہاں یج غذائیت کی کمی کی وجہ سے مرحاتے ہیں۔ بدواقعی برسمتی ہے کہ 45 فیصد یا کستانی بچے بعنی تقریابردوسرا بجدای باری کاشکارے _نشونمایل کی کا اقتضادی بہبود کے ساتھ مضبوط تعلق سے کیونکہ ہرسال فی س آمدنی میں 10 فیصد میں اضافے کے نتیج میں افزائش اورنشونمای کے کیسریں 3.2 فیصد کی رونما ہوتی ہے۔ پاکستان کو ناقص غذا کی وجہ ہے ہرسال اینے بی ڈی ٹی گروتھ کا 3 فیصدیا 7.6 ارب ڈالر کا نقصان ہوتا ہے۔انہوں نے کے ی ی آئی کے سندھ فوڈ ا تھارٹی کے ساتھ رابطوں کا حوالہ دیتے ہوئے کہا کہ کراچی چیمرایک اور ذمه دار شری کی حیثیت ہے ٹی آرڈی لی کے ساتھ ال کرکام کرنے میں زیادہ خوشی محسوں کرے گا اور سندھ میں ان کی تمام تر کوششوں میں بھر پورمعاونت کی یقین دیانی کرواتا ہے۔

کراچی (کامری ریورش) تخردید رورل ڈیولینٹ بروگرام (ٹی آرڈی ٹی) کے چیف ایگزیکٹیو آفیر اللہ نواز سومرو نے عوام خصوصاً مل مالکان ،تاجر،خورده وتفوك فروشول ش آئے، كھي ، تيل كي فورنیکیشن کے بارے میں آگائی پیدا کرنے پرزور دیا ہے كيونك ملك بير ميں لا كھوں لوگوں جن ميں زيادہ تر خواتین اور بیج شامل ہیں ان اشیائے خوردونوش ہیں غذائیت کے ابراکی کی ک وجہ سے بری طرح متاثر ہوتے ہیں۔ فور شفائیڈ آٹا، تیل اور تھی بالکل بھی نقصان دہنیں بلکہ وٹامن اے، ڈی اور دیگر معد نیات انبانی جم کے لیے سحت بخش میں لبذا ایک سحت مند معاشرے کی تفکیل بیٹنی بنانے کے لیے تمام طقے کے لوگوں میں فورٹیفیکیشن کی اہمیت کواحا گر کرنے کی ضرورت ے۔ان خالات کا اظہار انہوں نے کے ی ی آئی ، ٹی آرڈی ٹی فوڈ فورفیکیشن بروگرام اور ہوے ایڈ کے مشتركة كابى سيش كانعقاد كموقع يرخطاب ميل کیا۔ای موقع رکے ی بی آئی کےصدر جنیدا -اعیل ماكذا، نائب صدراً صف شيخ جاويد ، سابق نائب صدراً غا شہاب احمد خان، نیجنگ عمیثی کے اراکین اور سندھ فوڈ اتفارٹی کے نمائندے و دیگر بھی موجود تھے۔اللہ ٹواز سومرونے فی آر ڈی لی کی حکومت یا کتان، حکومت سندهاور بو کے ایڈ کے تعاون سے مختلف سر گرمیوں کا ذکر كرتي ہوئے كہا كدان تمام سركرميوں اورآگا بي سيشنو کے دوران بچوں،خواتین کوغذائیت ہے بھر پورخوراک كى فراجى كے ليے آئے، تھى اورتيل ميں اضافى وٹامنز، آئزان اور دیگر منرلزگی آمیزش کے بارے میں شرکا مکو بتایا کیا تا کہ غذائیت کی کی اورنشؤنمار کئے کے مسائل ہے نمثا حاسكے _ان گھريلو اشياء ميں وڻامنز اورمعد نيات شامل کرنے سے بھاریوں کی روک تھام، توت مدافعت، حواس خمسه كو برهانے اور افزائش يس كو بہتر بنانے میں مدوملتی ہے۔انہوں نے کہا کدسندھ مجر میں 10 لا كھ گھروں نے ئى آرۋى بى سے فوائد طاصل كيے جكداى ادارے نے 1400 كر يب عملے كے ساتھ مندہ بھریں 22 دفار قائم کررکھے ہیں جن کے ذریعے زراعت اور گارمنٹس کے شعبوں میں اب تک 35 ہزار خواتین کوتربیت دی گئی۔انہوں نے تجویز دی کہ ٹی آر ڈی لی کراچی چمبر کے ساتھ ریس و ڈیولپنٹ کے شعبول میں کام کرسکتا ہے اور دونوں ادارے

وزنامهامن كرايي بره 30 جوري 2019ء

آٹے،تیل، گھی کی فور ٹیفیکیشن کے بارے میں آگا ہی پیدا کرنے پرزور كراجي چيمر كرماته ل كرريس قاؤيولينث كي شعبول بين كام موسكات، الله لوازموم و، جنيدما كذا ے کیونکہ ملک بحریس لا کھوں لوگوں جن میں زیادہ تر كراجي (اشاف ديورتر) تحرديب رورل خواتمین اور عے شامل ہیں ان اشاعے خوردونوش میں ڈیولینٹ بروگرام (ٹی آرڈی لی) کے چیف ایکزیکٹو غذائيت كابراكى كى كوجے برى طرح متار موت آفیس اللہ لواز سومرو نے عوام خصوصاً على مالكان متاجر، فورده و تحوك فروشوں ميں آئے، كى ، تيل كى بن فورثيفائيد آثا، تيل اور تهي بالكل بهي نقصان ده نبيس بلکہ وٹامن اے، ڈی اور دیگر معد نبات انسانی جیم کے فور فیکیشن کے بارے بی آگای بدا کرنے رزوروما ليع محت بخش بن البذااك محت مندمعاش _ كي تكليل يقى بنائے كے ليے تام طبقے كوكوں ملى فريفكيشن

كااميتكواجا كركرنے كاخرورت ب-

بده.23جمادي الاولى 1440ھ مطابق 30 جنوري 2019ء

عوام میں فورٹیفیکیشن کی اہمیت اجا گر کرنے کی ضرورت ہے،اللّٰدنوازسوم و

فور ثیفائیڈآٹا، ٹیل اور تھی بالک بھی نقصان وہ نیس، انسانی جسم کے لیے صحت بخش ہیں ئی آرڈی نی کے چیف ایگزیکٹوآ فیسر کا آگاہی سیشن کےانعقاد کے موقع پرخطاب

مرازی آمیزش کے بارے یں شرکاء کو بتایا عما تاکہ كراجي (كامرس ريورثر) قرديب رورل ۋيولينث غذائيت كى كى اورنشونما ركف كمسائل يدنمنا ماسك روكرام (في آرؤى في) كے چيف الكر كليو آفيسر الله تواز ان گھر بلواشاء میں وٹا منز اور معد نیات شال کرنے سے سومرو نے عوام خصوصاً مل مالکان ،تا بر مخوردہ و تھوک ياريول كى روك تقام بقوت مدافعت، حواس خمد كو فروشوں میں آئے، تھی، تیل کی فریعلیشن کے بارے میں برحائے اور افزائش ش کو بہتر بنائے ش مدملتی آگاتی بدا کرنے برزورویا ہے کوئکد ملک مجریس لا کھوں ب انبول نے کیا کہ سندھ محرش 10 لا کھ کھروں نے تی لوگوں جن میں زیادہ تر خواعن اور یے شامل میں ان

آرڈی لی ہے فوائد ماصل کے جکہ ای ادارے نے اشائے خوردونوش ش غذائیت کے اجزا کی کی وجہ 76,22 パタカンとととしょうと1400 یری طرح متاثر ہوتے ہی۔ فور ثیفائیڈ آٹا، تیل اور محی قائم کرد کے ہیں جن کے در اعت اور گارشنس کے بالكل بھى نقصان دەنىيى بلكە وئامن اے، ۋى اور دىكر شعبول من اب مك 35 برار خواتين كوتربيت دى معدنیات انسانی جم کے لے صحت بخش بن ابتدا ایک کی انہوں نے تجویز دی کرنی آرڈی لی کرائی چیمبر کے

صحت مندمعاشرے كاتھيل يقيني بنانے كے ليے تمام طبقے ساتھريس و ديولينث كيشيول بيل كام كرسكتا ساور کے لوگوں میں فور تیکیشن کی اہمیت کو اجا گر کرنے کی دونون ادار مصطالعه بسرو مركرف اورمسائل كي نشائد يي ضرورت ب-ان خالات كا اظهار انبول نے كى كى ك والے على كركام كے بى انہوں نے آئى ،ئى آرۋى ئى ،فوۇ فورىكىيىش بروگرام اور يو كالله

آئے، بھی اور تیل کی فر تھیکیشن کے لیے قانون سازی ك مشتركة كاي نيش كانعقاد كرموقع يرخطاب مي كرنے كى ضرورت يرزوروسة بوسة كها كه حكومت ان كالى موقع يركى ى آئى كے صدر جنيد اساعل قواض بركام كردى بادر وراف بحى تاركرليا كياب ماكذاه نائب صدرة صف عظ جاديدسابل نائب صدرة عا ليكن اس ش بكووت كله كا كيونكه بدالجي ابتدائي مراحل شماب احمد خان، نیجنگ میٹی کے اراکین اور سندھ فوڈ میں ہے۔ کے ی آئی کے صدر جندا اعلی ماکذانے ی اتھارٹی کے نمائندے و دیگر بھی موجود تھے۔اللہ نواز سومرو

ای اولی آرڈی لی کی تجویزے اتفاق کرتے ہوئے کے ئے تی آرؤی لی کی حکومت یا کتان، حکومت سندھ اور سی آئی اور ٹی آر ڈی ٹی کے مایین باہمی مفاہمت کی اید کے اتا کے تعاون سے مختلف سرکرمیوں کا ذکر کرتے بادداشت (ایم او بو) برد تخط کرنے کا مفورہ دیا تاکہ جوئے کیا کہان تمام سر گرمیوں اورآ گائی سیفتر کے دوران

دونوں ادارے ملک بحر بالضوص صوبہ سندھ کے بہتر مفاد بچل، خواتین کوفذائیت سے مجر بورخوراک کی فراہی کے ين مشتر كه طور يرة كاي مجمشر وع كريس-لي آئي، في اورتيل من اضافي والمنز، آئران اور ويكر

TRDP stresses for awareness on flour, ghee, oil fortification

By Commerce Reporter

KARACHI: Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of Thar-deep Rural Development Programme (TRDP) Allah Nawaz Soomro has stressed the need to raise awareness about fortification of flour, ghee and oil amongst the masses particularly millers, traders, retailers and wholesalers.

The CEO TRDP was speaking at an orientation session organized jointly by the Karachi Chamber of Commerce and Industry (KCCI), TRDP, Food Fortification Programme and UK Aid, yesterday.

The TRDP CEO said that there was absolutely no harm in fortifying flour, oil and ghee with Vitamin-A, Vitamin-D and other minerals which are essential for a healthy human body therefore, the importance of fortification must be promoted.

The participants were sensitized about the addition of vitamins, iron and other minerals in flour, ghee and oil to provide nutrient-filled food to children and women to overcome the malnutrition and stunted growth. 'Addition of vitamins and other minerals to these household commodities would lead to disease prevention, boost immunity and improve cognitive development and productivity', he added.

He said that around one million households across Sindh province have benefitted from TRDP and they have established a total of 22 offices all over Sindh with a staff of around 1400 while a total of 35,000 women have been trained so far in the agriculture and garments sectors.

He suggested that TRDP can collaborate with Karachi Chamber in research and development to carry out studies, perform surveys and identify issues.

KCCI President Junaid Esmail Makda advised to sign a Memorandum of Understanding between KCCI and TRDP so as to jointly launch awareness campaigns.

Referring to KCCTs liaison with Sindh Food Authority, he said that the Karachi Chamber would be happy to work in collaboration with TRDP and extend full support to all its endeavors in Sindh.



KARACHI: President KCCI Junaid Esmail Makda and Vice President Asif Sheikh Javaid presenting crest to CEO Thar-deep Rural Development Program (TRDP) Allah Nawaz Soomro, during his visit to Karachi Chamber. Agha Shahab Ahmed, MC Members and reps from Sindh Food, are also seen in the picture.



کراچی ۔ کراچی چیمبر کے صدر جیند ماکڈ اتفردیپ رورل ڈیو لینٹ پروگرام کے چیف ایکزیکٹو آفیر النڈنواز سومر دکو کے ی کا کی دورے کے موقع برشیلڈ پیش کررہے ہیں نائب صدرآ صف ﷺ جاوید سابق نائب صدرآ غاشباب احماغان، نیجنگ کمیٹی کے اداکین وویگر بھی سوجود ہیں۔

آئے، تیل کھی کی فور شفیکیشن کے بارے میں آگا جی پیدا کرنے پرزور

نتہ کہ آگانٹی مہمٹروع کرنے کیلئے کی آرڈی فی کراچی چیمہ کے ساتھا مجراد بوسائن کرے، جنید یا گذا

كراچى (كامرس رپورز) تحروث رورل ديولېنت | ان اشياع خور دونوش ش غذائيت كايز اكى كى دجه ے برل طرح متاثر ہوتے ہیں ۔ فور فِقا تیڈ آئے، عِل اور تمي بالكل بهي نقصان ووثيين بلكه وتامن اسيروزي اور ويكر معد نيات انساني جم كے ليے صحت بخش بي البذا ایک محت مند معاشرے کی تفکیل بیٹنی بنانے کے لیے

روكرام (في آروى إلى) كي جيف أكرز كيثوا فيسر الله أواز ومروف عوام خصوصاً فل مالكان ، تاجر، خورده وتقوك فروشوں ٹی آئے بھی ، تمل کی فور تعلیش کے بارے ش آگای بدا کرنے برزورویا ہے کوک مک محرض لا کول لوگوں جن میں زیادہ ترخواتین اور یچ شامل میں اتمام طبقہ کے لوگوں میں (باق سفر 3 اللہ منز 4 6)

WEDNESDAY 30

فریکیشن کی اجیت کو اجار ، نے کی خرورت ہے۔ان خالات کا اعباد انبول فے کے گی الی آروی لی اور فریکیشن بردگرام اور ایت اف ف طور کر آگای سفن ک النقاد كروكى وظاب عى كياس موقى يركى كا آلك مدد جدد اماكل ماكذار عب مدر آصف في جاديد ماكن ناعب مدراً ما شہاب احر فان الجيك كمثل كر اداكين اور منده فرق القارني كالماحد و ديكر يمي موجود تحالله تواز سيعروفي في آروى في كى حكوسيد ياكتان، حكومت سندهاور الم كالله ك تعاون ع القد مركريون كا ذكركر عديد كياكدان تام مركريول اورآ كافي سيشتر ك دوران بكال خاتن کوظائیت ، افر بود فوراک ک فراہی کے لے آئے، تحی اور تیل شراضانی و عنور آئز اورد مکر سرادی آمیزش ک ارے علی شرکا مرکو بڑا یا کی اور نشو تمار کھے کے سائل ينمنا جا يحدان كحريلواشياه عن والمنزاور معدنيات شال كرنے سے جاريوں كى روك تقام ،قوت ما العت ،حاس فر کو بیزهائے اور افزائش ش کو بہتر بنائے ش مدد فق ب المول ني كما كرستده برش 10 الأككرول ني أر ڈی لی سے فواک ماصل کیے جیاس ادارے نے 1400 کے E 25 76, 22 ch por 30 L 24 - 57 یں جن کے وربعے زراحت اور گارشش کے شعول عمل اب عَد 5 يزارخ ا تَن أوريت وي كل انبول في تجويز وي ك في آروى في كرائي جيبرك ساته ريسرة ووي لينث كم شجول یں کام کرسکا ہے اور دونوں ادارے مطالع مروے کرتے اور いいととというとしているというというというとう تے آئے جی اور تل کی فریسیشن کے لیے قانون مازی لرف في خرورت ير دوروية موسع كما كر كومت ال قواشين アンノレシーションションノリンションション كموت كلكا كوك يا كى ابتدائى و ماس ب- كى ك آئی کے صدر جیدا سائل ماکڈانے ی ای او ٹی آروی لی ک این باجی مناصد کی إدراشت (اعراوی) پرد محدارے کا مشوره وياتاكره ولول ادارے لك بحر بالخصوص صوبرستده ك بجر مقاوش شتر كداور به كاى مجرش كركيس أنيول ف كهاك ياكتان ش اشاش مذائبت ك كى كاجب كافى برت يرراب اور اقص فقاك وجد علك كوسحت ادر اقتفادى سائل كاساماكرا يراعيان عروى قدالى روب ے بعد جا ب كرزيادہ تر بكل اور خوا تين كو وليدى عرك دوران نوتما كے ليے دركار غذائى اجراكى كى ديد سے فائلى كا مامنا کرنا پاتا ہے جو کراکے علین سنلے جی پر ضوعی آبد دیے کی خرورت ہے جنیدا کذائے وزیر اعظم کا قوم سے پہلے خطاب كاذكركرت بوع كهاكدوز يرامعم عمران خان في اين اس خطاب يس بواين وى في كى ايك د يودث كاحوالد ويا تعاجس كرمطابق إكتان ولإ كان تاب إلى مكون عن شاف ب جال ع قذائد كى كى كود عرجات إلى - يواقى وحق بالدود إكتالي ي فين الريام دومرا يدال عاری کا فار ب نول ایس کی کا اقتبادی بهود کے ساتھ مضور العلق ہے کو کا برسال فی س آمری شل 10 ایمدیس اسائے کے نتیج میں افزائش اور تشونیا میں کی سے کیسو میں 2. د فيمد كى رولما بوتى ب- باكتان كوناتس فذاكى وجدت برسال الية في وكى في كرفته كا دفيمد يا 7.6 أوب والركا تضان ورا برانول في كى كال كانده و دا فارقى كرماته مايلوں كا حوالدوية بوع كهاكركرا في جيراك ایا اور دروار شری کی حیثیت سے فی آروی لی کے ساتھ ل كام كرن شراده في فيول كر عادد مده شال ك

روزنامة آزادرياست30جؤري2019ء("

آئے، تل بھی ک فریفیشن کے بارے میں آگانی بیدا کے پردور

فَى آرَىٰ وْ كَا فِي كِرَا بِي جِيمِ كِسَاتِهِ فَلْ كَرَدِيمِ فَي وَأَيْهِ لِمِنْ عَصْفِيقِ مِن كَام كُمُلِكَ بِاللَّهُ وَازْسِهِمِ و

آفیر اللہ لواز سومرو نے عوام خصوصاً علی مالکان متاجر متورد و تھوک (بیسے 3 3 سطح 3)

کراچی (۱ اطاف روراز) قردی دورال دو پست پردگرام (فی آردی پی) کے چیف ایگر بیکند

Need stressed to raise awareness about defense of flour, ghee & oil

KARACHI: Chief Executive Officer of Thardeep Rural Development Program (TRDP) AllahNawazSoomrohasstressed the need to raise awareness 'about fortification of flour, ghee and oil amongst the masses particularly millers, traders, retailers and wholesalers as millions of people mostly women and children across the country were suffering terribly due to severe malnutrition. Speaking at an Orientation Session organized jointly by KCCI, TRDP, Food Fortification Program and UK Aid, CEO TRDP said that there was absolutely no harm in fortifying flour, oil and ghee with Vitamin A, Vitamin D and other minerals which are essential for a healthy human body therefore, the importance of fortificationmustbepromotedamongst people from all walks of life with a view to ensure a healthy society.

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The session was attended by President KCCI Junaid Esmail Makda, Vice President KCCI Asif Sheikh Javaid, Former Vice President Agha Shahab Ahmed Khan, Managing Committee Members, representatives from Sindh Food Authority, and others. CEO TRDP, while referring to numerous activities undertaken by TRDP in association with Government of Pakistan. Government of Sindh and UK Aid, informed that during all these activities and awareness sessions, the participants were sensitized about the addition of vitamins, iron and other minerals in flour, ghee and oil to provide nutrient filled food for children and women to overcomethemalnutritionandstunted growth, "Addition of vitamins and other minerals to these household commodities would lead to disease prevention, boost

immunity and improve cognitive development and productivity", he added.

He said that the around 1 million households across Sindh province have benefitted from TRDP and they have established a total of 22 offices all over Sindh with a staff of around 1400 while a total of 35,000 women have been trained so far in the agriculture and garments sectors. He suggested that TRDP can collaborate with Karachi Chamber in the field of Research & Development and both institutions can carry out studies, perform surveys and identify issues. Underscoring the need for devising legislations about fortifications of flour, ghee & oil, he said that the government was currently working on the said legislations and draft has been prepared but it was going to take a lot of time as it was at initial stages.

MESSENGER

Wednesday, January 30, 2019

Need stressed to raise awareness about defense of flour, ghee & oil

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Macro adjustment to continue, warns SBP

Monitoring Desk

KARACHI: The country's macroeconomic environment was 'challenging' during the first quarter of this fiscal year mainly due to rising inflationary pressures, contracting large-scale manufacturing (LSM), macroeconomic imbalances said the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in its 1QFY19 report on the State of Economy.

The report calls for an urgent need to 'initiate and expedite' structural reforms to "address the recurring macroeconomic imbalances... push the economy's productivity frontier," warning that "the country would continue to move along the macroeconomic adjustment path for some

time?

The SBP notes that the rising global crude prices in the first quarter of the fiscal year (July to September 2018) not only eclipsed the improvements in external sector but worsened the lingering inflationary pressures, following the second round of higher fuel prices and lagged impact of exchange rate depreciation impacting the broader economy. Moreover, the LSM also contracted by 1.7 per cent during the quarter, versus a growth of 9.9pc in 1QFY18. Noticeably, the output of construction-allied and consumer durable segments, which were the major drivers of growth last year, decelerated on a year-on-year basis.

Pointing out the mismatch between revenues and expenditures, the SBP says even after the 45.5pc drop in public sector projects, the fiscal deficit remained high, clocking in at Rs541.7 billion, recording a jump of Rs100bn from same period last year. The expenditures grew by 11pc during the quarter compared to 13.5pc in corresponding quarter last year. The financing burden fell largely on the State Bank, as well as non bank financial institutions. The consolidated revenues grew by 7.5pc during the quarter as against 18.9pc in first quarter last year.

Highlighting external pressures, the report remarks that the current account deficit declined slightly for the first time in two years, "it stayed at an elevated level of \$3.6bn" during the quarter. The deficit was mainly on account of the worsening terms of trade and more than 51pc increase in the global crude prices increasing the

import bill.

The quarterly import bill crossed the \$4bn mark for the first time since 1QFY15, the report says. With foreign investments declining on a yearly basis and external borrowing by private sector remaining subdued, the financial inflows proved insufficient, and the current account deficit had to be financed from SBP reserves, which declines by

\$1.4bn, putting pressure on the exchange rate.

The publication adds that amid "slowdown in economic activities, SBP shored up its stabilisation efforts and tightened the monetary policy during the quarter. In each of the two policy decisions that were held during the period, Monetary Policy Committee increased the policy rate by 100 basis points each time. These decisions were guided primarily by the prevalence of high twin deficits as well as the increased likelihood of headline inflation surpassing the annual target of 6pc."

In private sector credit, the SBP says "the impact of input prices (especially cotton and crude oil) on the overall credit off-take can be seen from the near doubling of average loan size in first quarter ... implying that a substantial

part of the higher off-take was price driven."

The central bank acknowledged the rising challenges in debt and monetary management due to behavioural interplay between scheduled banks and the government noting that "from the monetary management's perspective, nearflattening of the yield curve and excessive government borrowings from SBP posed major challenges."

However, in order to revert to a stable macroeconomic environment over the medium term, the report underlined the importance of continuation of the right mix of polices laying particular emphasis on initiating the structural reforms in order to take the growth momentum forward.

New challenges as well as new opportunities

KARACHI: The ongoing US-China trade tensions have created some opportunities as well as challenges for Pakistan.

According to State Bank of Pakistan's (SBP) first quarterly report, "The State of Pakistan's Economy" released Tuesday, on a positive note, key food items, such as rice, seafood and soybean both seeds and oil, have come in the crosshairs, which offer an opportunity for Pakistan to reduce its trade deficit. On the other hand, the volatility in iron and steel prices in recent months after the imposition of tariffs by the US presents a challenge from Pakistan's perspective.

The report said the ongoing > P 4 Col 4

New challenges as well as new

> from page 1 tensions between the US and China have contributed to big swings in key commodity prices and added uncertainty to the global trade dynamics. So far in FY19, the IMF, World Bank and WTO have all lowered their projections of global economic growth and trade volumes.

Together, the US and China accounted for 21.8 percent of global exports and 23.5 percent of worldwide imports in 2017. Bilateral trade between these two amounted to \$ 584.8 billion in 2017, accounting for 3.3 percent of global trade in the year.

According to Report, since July 2018, additional tariffs have been imposed on \$ 360.0 billion of goods traded between the US and China, which account for 61.6 percent of the bilateral trade between the two countries last year.

China has been hit harder as US\$ 260.0 billion of its exports are now attracting higher tariffs in the US; against this, US\$ 100.0 billion of American exports to China are affected by the retaliatory tariffs. These tariffs are in addition to across-the-board tariffs on iron and steel products that the US had put in place in May 2018.

Discussing the impact of this situa-tion on Pakistan's exports, the report said that among the thousands of items on which additional tariffs have been imposed by the two countries, three product categories stand out from Pakistan's exports standpoint. This includes seafood, rice and cotton (raw cotton, fabric and yarn). Specifically, American seafood exports to China are now much costlier as a result of tariffs, as are Chinese exports of rice and cotton items to the US.

China is a major global importer of seafood items, and imported 16.3 percent of its overall seafood imports from the US in 2017 (worth US\$ 1.3 billion). It mainly imports lobsters, oysters, flatfish and sardines, all of which are now attracting additional tariffs, and all of which are also exported by Pakistan.

According to report, Pakistan's global exports of these specific products amounted to US\$ 338.9 million in FY18 and constituted 75.1 percent of the country's overall seafood exports in FY18. As the US' seafood exports to China have now become much costlier, Pakistani exporters might increase their presence in the Chinese market.

On imports side, Pakistan can bene-fit from the diverging trend in sovborn

of this commodity, after Brazil. Importantly, soybean is the US' single largest export item to China, and the country accounted for 56,9 percent of the US' soybean exports in 2017 and 9.4 percent of the US' total exports to

Given these dynamics, soybean was among the first items targeted by China when the first round of retaliatory tariffs went into effect in July 2018. China then shifted its demand for soybeans to Brazil and Argentina. As a result, soybean export prices of Brazil and Argentina have spiked, whereas those of the US have plunged since the tariffs went into effect.

The current situation presents an opportunity for edible oil mills in Pakistan to reduce their imports of soybean oil and seed in value terms by diverting their purchases to the US, where the prices are falling.

Encouragingly, there are indications that this switch is grady taking place. Brazil's share in Pakistan's overall Brazil's snare in Pakistan's overall soybean imports fell to 49.5 percent in FY18 from 58.4 percent in FY17, whereas the US' share rose to 45.4 percent from 32.1 percent. Further enhancing soybean imports from the US will yield more FX savings for Pakistan assuming that the US exist. Pakistan, assuming that the US prices stay depressed in the wake of a recordhigh projected inventory level for 2018-19.4

This dynamic also helped Pakistan's soybean oil imports in Q1-FY19, when the unit value imports were 20.3 percent lower as compared to Q1-FY18.

In addition, iron and steel prices have been volatile ever since they came under the crosshairs of US tariffs. These tariffs were applied in two phases. In the first phase in May 2018, the US imposed additional tariffs across the board on roughly 44.0 per-cent of the iron and steel products that it imported.

These tariffs particularly affected the US' neighbors and allies (specifi-cally Canada, Mexico, South Korea and Japan), instead of China.

All of this uncertainty has created challenges for Pakistan, as the unit value of the country's iron and steel imports (both scrap and finished products) has been rising, though with significant fluctuations. Even though Pakistan imports most of its steel from China, the unit value of its steel imports have not dipped.

Nonetheless, a slowdown in broader economic activity as the country BUSINESS RECORDER KARACHI WEDNESDAY 30 JANUARY

Dawood predicts \$5-6bn decline in trade deficit by FY19-end

MUSHTAQ GHUMMAN

ISLAMABAD: The government Tuesday projected that the country's trade deficit will decline by \$ 5-6 billion by the end of current fiscal year due to increase in exports, reduction in oil prices and suppressed imports.

This was stated by the Prime Minister's Advisor on Commerce, Textile, Industries and Production and Investment, Abdul Razzak Dawood at a press conference sans electronic media cameras. Commerce Secretary Younus Dagha was also present on the occasion.

Dawood expressing satisfaction over his performance acknowledged that exports increased by \$ 3 billion during

>P4 Col 4

Dawood predicts \$5-6bn decline in trade deficit by FY19-end

> from page 1 PML-N tenure.

"I would never ever make a wrong statement. Younus Dagha was Secretary Commerce during the time of Shahid Khaqan Abbasi and a lot of improvement was made in exports primarily due to decisions taken by Abbasi on DLTL. It's a reality. Our challenge is to build on it," Dawood maintained.

Secretary Commerce stated that a policy is being formulated to release dues of DLTL to exporters within two weeks. FBR has also promissory notes. been asked to release dues of those exporters whose record is not doubtful.

Secretary Commerce stated that the policy is to make all raw materials cheaper which would help 2019. He further stated that there export expansion. However, there would be suppression of imports of finished goods or luxury goods which are not required economical-

December 2018, trade deficit more steps. improved by \$ 600 million and is expected to improve by \$1 billion in January and the government is hopeful that trade deficit would decline by \$ 5 billion to \$ 6 billion by the end of current fiscal year.

Dawood further 'stated that not negative," he added. exports will cross \$ 25 billion by

lion is a realistic target whereas \$ 27 billion is optimistic target which according to businessmen is a stretched target.

access issue has improved due to ment is working on its weaknesses. recent developments with China. Oatar and Indonesia and now the big issue is refunds and with approval of Finance Bill 2019 in next few days, a very big step will be taken in resolving this issue, ie, with one third cash and two third

The Advisor who personally is satisfied with his performance said that there are a number of issues and government needs time, adding that policy will be clear by June are some grey areas..

He said, businessmen are very excited due to recent announcements in the second amendment finance bill 2019 by the federal Secretary Commerce said that in government but they are asking for

> "I don't understand why everything is negative in Pakistan. When I ask to achieve the mark of Rs \$ 27 billion exports, they say it can't be done but I say it has to be done. We should have positive sentiment

Replying to a question, he said

itoring team along with Secretary Commerce and 10 points were consider with the government weak on two or three points; Secretary Razzak Dawood said market Commerce stated that the govern-

> The Advisor said that there was very good presentation on GPS plus to the Prime Minister by Ministry of Human Rights. The meeting discussed each and every point which the government has to do by June next. He acknowledged that there are some issues.

Razzak Dawood said that the draft of new Industrial Policy is almost ready and would be shared with the stakeholders for their comments prior to submitting to the federal cabinet for approval. In reply to a question, he said that if Industrial Policy prepared in 2011, it would have been completed in Rs 6-7 billion. one week time.

According to Razzak Dawood, he along with Pakistan Business Council (PBC) held a meeting with the then Prime Minister, Shahid Khaqan Abbasi in 2017 and asked him to take measures to stop deindustrialization. He said, industry is shutting down and this can be witnessed in Faisalabad.

June 30, 2019, adding that \$ 26 bil- he had a meeting with the EU mon- for protectionist policy, he said today situation of industry is totally different from 2003 when he was Minister for Commerce and Industries which is why he is suggesting anti de-industrialization measures. He said, there is progress towards one billion dollar market access from China - China is very positive and Pakistan will achieve it. A wering another question, Razzak Dawood said that sugar like other sectors, ie, cement, yarn, rice and tractors etc. He said, sugarcane needs a lot of water. The government has allowed export of one million tons of sugar; saying that he honestly feels sugar should be exported without any subsidy

Secretary Commerce revealed that the government has approved he had simply "cut and paste" the release of Rs 2 billion subsidy to sugar mills against their claims of

In reply to a question about Export Development Fund (EDF), Secretary Commerce said that it is a very important issue, as total dues of EDF have touched Rs 30- 35 billion. He said, Finance Minister, Asad Umar has written a letter in this regard and the Finance Ministry is sitting with Commerce Division to reconcile last year's Replying to a question on opting amount which will be released next

year. He said, clarity will be available within a week

In reply to another question, Razzak Dawood said that Finance Division and Commerce Division are on the same page with respect to policy rate. He said, both Ministries debate on the way forward and this debate will always happen as there are different strategies for increasing exports and compressing imports; reducing the industry must stand on its own feet trade gap is going in the right direction. The government also wants import substitution, Dawood maintained.

Answering another question, Abdul Razzak Dawood said that he is not satisfied with the current state of affairs of auto industry with respect to "on money" in sale of cars. He said, it must be eliminated and car assemblers should cancel the dealerships of those dealers who are involved in such practice. He said new players are coming in this sector.

In reply to a question regarding Pakistan Steel Mills (PSM) he said committee is finalizing its report and the Ministry will look at each option, ie, privatize it, lease it or right it ourselves'. Three Chinese parties and three Russian parties have shown their interest, Dawood

Weak agri, industrial output

6.2pc growth target seems unachievable

RECORDER REPORT

KARACHI: The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) Tuesday said the real GDP growth target of 6.2 percent for this fiscal year seems unachievable due to weak performance of agriculture and industrial sectors.

According to SBP's first quarterly report on "The State of Pakistan's Economy" for FY19, after achieving a 13year high growth of 5.8 percent in FY18, Pakistan's economy is showing signs of moderation as both the agriculture and industrial sectors were underperformed during Q1FY19 relative to the same period last year.

However, in order to revert to a stable macroeconomic > P 4 Col 1

Likely policy changes tail off investor confidence

RECORDER REPORT

KARACHI: Investors are reluctant to invest in Pakistan as the new government has hinted at major revisions in investment and industrial policies, the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) said in its first quarterly report on "The State of Pakistan's Economy" for FY19.

The report revealed that the confidence of consumers and businesses, which improved sharply soon after the elections, seems to have tailed off in the most recent surveys on account of rising cost pressures and an uncertain outlook. Furthermore, since the new government has hinted at major revisions in investment

>P4Col4

6.2pc growth target seems unachievable

> from page I environment over the medium term, the needed structural reforms in order to lization. push the country's productivity frontier

least over the short term, it has now adjustment path. become important to urgently initiate

challenging during the first quarter of core inflation. FY19. The primary concern was the not only reinforced the already strong contrast to net retirements witnessed in reduced demand, as purchasing powers improvements in the external sector.

as expenditure rigidities allowed only a financing requirements of businesses. limited room for the government to The report also observed that the ening domestic economic activity,

formed, and given the persistent water external sources. shortages across the country, the overall growth would largely depend upon the the current account deficit, performance of the livestock sub-sec-

healthy growth of 9.9 percent during YoY basis and external borrowing by durable segments, which were the cient. major drivers of growth last year, decel-

erated on a YoY basis.

report underlines the importance of the cent target for real GDP growth seems \$ 1.4 billion and the Pak Rupee deprecontinuation of the right mix of polices. unachievable with the policy focus now ciated by 2.2 percent during the quarter The report emphasized on initiating the tilted towards macroeconomic stabi- under review.

and take the growth momentum for- underlying inflationary pressures as there is an expectation of receiving remaining strong and the twin deficits higher foreign inflows from both pri-"While the ongoing macroeconomic staying at elevated levels, the monetary vate and official sources during the secstabilization process would continue at policy continued to move along the ond half of FY19. Not only would this

and expedite the needed structural Committee (MPC) meetings, the policy eign exchange market, the report said. reforms in the economy," the report rate was raised by a cumulative 200 basis points. Besides the persistence of inflation forecast for the full year stands According to SBP, the preliminary strong demand pressures, the second- at 6.5 to 7.5 percent, which takes into data suggested that the overall macro-round impact of higher fuel prices and account the impact of revisions in gas economic environment were remained exchange rate depreciation pushed up tariffs and the second-round impact of

As for private credit, a strong expansteep rise in global crude prices, which sion was observed during Q1FY19, in sees would also feel the brunt of economy, but also eclipsed emerging in working capital loans was more interest rates and adverse currency prominent, since rising commodity movements. In the case of non-energy Fiscal pressures also remained intact prices and input costs increased the imports, the current slowdown may

maneuver. Responding to these chal- consolidated revenues grew by 7.5 per- exchange rate depreciation and increase lenges, the new political regime imme- cent during the quarter, however, this in import duties, it added. diately announced cuts in development pace was lower than the 18.9 percent At the same time, the SBP expecting Kharif crops have already underper- borrowing from both domestic and rent account deficit is expected to nar-

On the external front, the report from 6.1 percent in FY18. crop sector is unlikely to rebound in the highlighted that the continued exports rest of the year. Therefore, the overall growth and a steady increase in work-ments, including the deferred oil paycontribution of agriculture in GDP ers' remittances partially helped contain ments facility, are likely to be available

remained a concern, as rising oil prices facility not only bolster the country' Furthermore, the large-scale manuresulted in the quarterly import bill foreign exchange reserves, but also case facturing also contracted by 1.7 percent crossing the \$ 4.0 billion mark. With pressures in the domestic foreign during Q1FY19, after recording a foreign investments declining on a exchange market. Q1-FY18. Noticeably, the output of the private sector remaining subdued, policies and sufficient BoP support, the construction-allied and consumer the financial inflows proved insuffi-

Resultantly, pressure on the balance medium term, the report said.

of payments continued to mount, with According to the report, the 6.2 per- the country's FX reserves declining by

Nonetheless, financing of the current The report highlighted that with the account might improve going forward bolster the country's FX reserves, but During the two Monetary Policy also ease pressures in the domestic for-

As against 6 percent target, SBP's exchange rate depreciation.

The report said that consumer indusunderlying inflationary pressures in the the same quarter last year. The activity are hit by rising inflation, increasing continue going forward amidst weak-

spending, partially reversed tax relief uptick witnessed during Q1-FY18. that exports may gain from exchange measures, and also explored avenues to Expenditures grew by 11.0 percent dur- rate depreciation and increase in conbridge the external financing gap. ing the quarter compared to 13.5 per-sumer spending in the advanced These measures had contributed to cent in the same period last year. The economies, but their momentum could lower revenue mobilization during Q1- resultant higher fiscal deficit was possibly be weakened by rising cost financed through increased government pressures Resultantly, the overall currow down to 4.5-5.5 percent of GDP

In particular, recent bilateral arrange from January 2019 onwards. The SBP However, the level of this deficit believed that the deferred oil payments

Thus, continuing with a right mix of macroeconomic environment over the

Likely policy changes tail

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and industrial policies, investors, boom and bust cycle. especially foreign investors, seem reductant to take long-term posi- on the productivity front, in order

posted a broad-based decline of country's growing labor force has 42.6 percent in Q1FY19 as many of be productively engaged, the cour the early-harvest energy projects try cannot afford to get caught u under CPEC are nearing comple- again in low growth-high inflatio tion, FDI inflows from China into equilibrium. the power sector have been slowing Moreover, the report said that down. Apart from CPEC-related taking an initial step towards inflows from China, no major activ- reforming the real estate sector, the

activity. However, it is important to cial revenue & excise authorities. note that the government has initiat- This is a major initiative, which ed important reforms in the fiscal along with the increased intersector that can later be built upon to provincial co-ordination, can potenalleviate the structural deficit.

concurrent progress towards collection, it added, reforms is welcome. It is now important to deepen and accelerate the government has approved an the pace of reforms within the fiscal upward revision in gas prices in and energy sectors, and also spread order to alleviate the financial burthe process across other sectors of den of gas distribution firms. the economy," the report empha-

nalize the economy's incentive appetite of the private sector was structure; enhance ease of doing strong, despite a slowdown in the business via embracing technology overall economic activity. The and simplifying procedures; and impact of input prices on the overall improve public financial manage- credit off-take can also be seen from ment and governance; it said and the near doubling of average loan added that putting right policies in size in Q1-FY19 compared to the place is critical, even if it takes same period last year.

time, to get the economy out of t

This is important also to bene push the growth momentum fo The net FDI inflows into Pakistan ward as at this point, when the

ity was observed in FDI, the report government has notified the establishment of the Directorate General The report said that recent eco- of Immovable Properties, with the nomic developments run the risk of imandate ranging from conducting intensifying the impact of stabiliza- survey-based market valuations, to tion measures on broad economic establishing linkages with provintially help reduce prevailing distor-"While efforts are underway to tions in the economy's incentive regain macroeconomic stability, the structure and also improve revenue

With regards to the energy sector,

According to report, the increased raw-material prices and capital out-The objective should be to ratio- lay also meant that the credit

Pakistan needs to take tough decisions: DFID

By Amin Ahmed

ISLAMABAD: The UK Department for International Development (DFID) has asked the government to take 'tough decisions' to reform various sectors of the economy.

The DFID is working with the World Bank and Asian Development Bank to support Pakistan's economic reform programmes.

Talking to a group of journalists on Tuesday, DFID Chief Economist Rachel Glennerster said there exists a good understanding of what is to be done, and now is the time to take tough decisions and prioritise decisions for implementation.

If the government wants to take tough fundamental reforms, it is hard to do in multiple sectors at one time. "If you can take tough long-term decisions, they can be pushed towards implementation very effectively", Ms Glennerster said.

The government should think in a big way and explain to the people the benefits of the decisions, which may be short-term. Then the international community will come and support, she said.

The DFID official said that Pakistan has a long list of priorities, and the first priority should be to improve economic development and then the government can focus on implementing measures for improvement.

The main challenge for the government now is to think where it wants to prioritise reforms and follow detailed steps to start implementing these reforms for long-term prospects of economic growth.

For this, if the government has to go to the IMF, the right thing to do is to get into the programme, she said.

The United Kingdom was integral to Pakistan's completion of a three-year IMF programme in 2016, averting a financial crisis in 2013.

The chief economist said that she was encouraged by lots of optimism to improve the economic situation of Pakistan. "I am also encouraged by the seriousness with which a lot of people in and outside the government were thinking about the reforms in the economy", she remarked.

She was of the view that challenges remain in trade integration, energy, agriculture and in all other sectors.

The DFID's budget for assistance to Pakistan in various social sectors for 2018-19 is £325 million, and the planned budget for 2019-20 is expected to be £302m.

In 2018-19, the DFID's largest bilateral spending was in human development, followed by economic development, governance and security, and climate and environment.

Top three spending programmes in 2018-19 were: the second phase of Punjab Education Support Programme (£67.2m), Pakistan Economic Corridors Programme (£56.3m), and Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa education sector programme (£41m).

Pakistan's score on graft perception index up by one point

No change in overall ranking of 117 among 180 countries

By Amin Ahmed

ISLAMABAD: Pakistan has made a slight improvement in the 'Corruption Perceptions Index 2018' released by the Transparency International on Tuesday with a score of 33 though its overall ranking among 180 countries has remained unchanged.

The country with a score of 32 on a scale of zero (highly corrupt) to 100 (very clean) had ranked 117 out of 180 countries last year.

The index, which is published annually by the Transparency International, ranks countries by perceived levels of corruption as CORRUPTION INDEX 2018

PAKISTAN

33/100

COUNTRY RANKING
2018 2017 2016 2015

117 117 117 126

US drops out of top 20 performers in global corruption index: Page 13

determined by assessments and opinion surveys.

Pakistan's ranking had showed considerable improvement during the five-year term of the Pakistan Muslim League-Nawaz government as it jumped 10 positions from 127 to 117. But the ranking has failed to improve since 2016.

On the release of the 2018 Index, Transparency International Pakistan chairman Sohail Muzaffar said Pakistan had to act seriously to control rampant corruption. Economic conditions could not improve till this menace was tackled, as foreign businesses checked the ease of doing business before making investment in a country, he said.

He said anti-corruption laws should be strengthened, empowering accountability agencies to easily prosecute the corrupt. He added that exemplary punishments be given to all those involved in corruption.

No preferential treatment be given to any person convicted by court for corruption, said Mr Muzaffar.

PD allowed to raise Rs200bn to deal with circular debt

RECORDER REPORT

ISLAMABAD: The Economic Coordination Committee (ECC) of the Cabinet Tuesday allowed Power Division to raise Rs 200 billion from a syndicated Islamic Term Finance Facility to deal with the circular debt accumulated to over Rs 807 billion till December 31, 2018.

The meeting presided over by Finance Minister Asad Umar in a presentation by the Ministry of Energy, Power Division, on the current situation of circular debt > P 4 Col 1

PD allowed to raise Rs200bn

> from page 1

and the components that have contributed to its buildup was informed that outstanding payables in the power sector included energy cost, capacity charges and others, as well as interest payment.

The ECC after a detailed discussion allowed the ministry to proceed with the raising of syndicated Islamic Term Finance Facility of Rs 200 billion for which term sheet had already been Banks

Sources said that some operation issues and documentations required for the issuance of bonds have been completed and a separate desk for repayments of amount would be set up in through land route, on the ECC earlier the State Bank of Pakistan.

identification of assets of power sector has also been completed for raising funds. They added that initially 43 assets, pieces of land and buildings of generation and distribution companies. more were added to the list of assets

Sources said that Meezan Bank is banks and there is also a possibility that other banks may also join the consortium after completing the require-

The ECC also approved Ministry of National Food Security's proposal for allowing the export of 0.5 million

tonnes of surplus wheat/ wheat products by Pakistan Agriculture Storage and Services Corporation (PASSCO) for which it has received tenders.

The decision was made keeping in view the rising prices of wheat in the international market, sufficient available stocks (1.7 million tonnes) and the predictions of a good crop in the cur-

In a proposal to the ECC, the ministry said in order to create physical received from a consortium of Islamic and fiscal space for new wheat procurement, PASSCO may be allowed to export the remaining 0.5 million tonnes of surplus wheat/wheat products. Out of this, 0.4 MMT may be exported through seas and 0.1 MMT approved methodology An official also maintained that 20.11,2018 on the basis of that either PASSCO may be allowed to export wheat on basis and price offered in its earlier bid held on 11.1.2019 as it would save one month bid time or PASSCO may be directed to initiate etc, were identified and later on two afresh bidding process which will be time consuming.

The Ministry of ITT (Information leading the consortium of Islamic Technology and Telecommunications) briefed the meeting on the annual budget of NTC. The committee after a discussion directed the Ministry of ITT to address the management issues of the NTC on priority in view of the unsatisfactory responses to the queries raised by members of the committee.

Filing of revised return

FBR asked to decide taxpayer's plea before expiry deadline

RECORDER REPORT

revised return under the section were pending when through 214E for closure of audit.

When contacted, Shahid Jami, (Amendment) Act, 2018 section

Finance Supplementary

ISLAMABAD: On a writ background of the case. The 25percent further tax over and which tax was collected or petition filed by a taxpayer, the return of total income filed by above the tax chargeable as per deducted. Whereas, as per sec-Lahore High Court has directed the petitioner company for the return of total income filed for tion 168(4), a tax credit allowed the Tax Department to decide Tax Year 2016 was late and closure of audit. Whereas, in the under this section shall be the application of the taxpayer accordingly, audit proceedings case of petitioner company, the applied in accordance with secbefore the expiry of deadline of under section 214D were initiat- tax chargeable as per original tion 4(3). As per section 168(5), January 31, 2019 for filing of ed. These audit proceedings return was Rs50,326,584; how- a tax credit allowed under this ever tax payment/deductions at source were of Rs94,838,673 and accordingly the refundable amount of income tax was Rs44,512,089. The taxpayer filed application for revision of return by stating that twenty-five percent additional amount of tax be adjusted out of refundable amount. However, contrary to the provision of adjustment of tax, the in-built calculation on the e-portal does not allow said adjustment rather keeps the refund amount intact and requires separate payment of twenty-five percent tax. The petitioner company filed another with application Commissioner pointing out the anomaly in the e-portal with the request to amend the software as per legal provision. However, there was no response and last date of filing of revised return was approaching and therefore the petitioner company filed a writ petition.

In the petition, it was explained that as per section 168(1)(b), the amount of tax collected or deducted shall be treated as tax paid by the person from whom the tax was collected or deducted. As per section of filing of revised returns so person on the taxable income of audit.

tax consultant, explained the 214E was inserted providing the person for the tax year in section for the tax year that is not able to be credited under section 4(3) for the year shall be refunded to the taxpayer in accordance with section 170. Whereas, as per section 170(3) where the Commissioner is satisfied that the fax has been overpaid, the Commissioner shall apply the excess in reduction of any other tax due, from the taxpayer under this Ordinance.

The LHC has disposed of the writ petition with the direction to the department to decide the application of the petitioner regarding anomaly in the software, well within the deadline of filing of revised returns for closure of audit. Jami pointed out that this issue is involved in hundreds of cases and FBR has deliberately not provided the adjustment in the revised return which is otherwise available for the original return and this is purely a revenue driven approach contrary to the expressed provisions of section 170(3) regarding adjustment of refund towards any tax due under the Ordinance.

He urged that the FBR should amend the software at the earliest and also extend the last date 168(2), the person shall be that the taxpayers across the allowed credit for the tax in country could benefit from the computing the tax due by the legislative intent of closure of

Delayed payment of GST

SHC stays recovery of default surcharge from CNG outlets

TANVEER AHMED

KARACHI: Sindh High Court (SHC) has stayed the recovery of default surcharge on delayed payment of General Sales Tax (GST) from CNG stations and restrained the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) and Sui Southern Gas Company (SSGC) to take coercive action against CNG stations in this regard.

A two-member bench of SHC comprising Justice Aqeel Ahmed Abbasi and Justice through Petroleum & CNG Dealers Association on behalf of Mohsin Kadir Shahwani.

The Ministry of Finance, the SSGC, Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (IR), Zone-III Large Taxpayer which amount has already been reply. The court restrained the Unit Karachi and Manager CNG Billings SSGC have been made by FBR itself through its letter coercive action against the petirespondents.

The petitioner impugned the recovery notices issued by installments were allowed by SSGC in December 2018to FBR unconditionally within the recover the default surcharge in time period allowed by FBR for terms of section 34 of Sales Tax such purposes, whereas, there Act, 1990 for delayed payments was not default on the part of received from CNG Stations on petitioners as such payment of value added component. The sale tax was stayed by the orders said notices were issued in pursuant of recovery notices issued other constitutional petition. by FBR for recovery of default surcharge. The counsel for the petitioners have been threatened petitioner Barrister Shahwani contended that recovery notices Abdul Malik Gaddi issued these were issued without establishing requested the court to issue orders in a constitutional petition the willful default on part of peti-restraining orders in this regard. filed by 34 CNG stations tioner. He submitted before the The counsel also referred to varicourt that neither show cause ous other cases in this regard. notices was issued or any order CNG stations through Barrister was in terms of Section 34 with Section 11 of Sales Tax Act.

> been treated as defaulters in ordered to issue notices to the respect of amount of sale tax, respondents to submit their paid as per installments allowed respondents from taking any dated December 02, 2015. tioners in this regard.

The counsel argued that of a division bench of SHC in an

The counsel submitted that the disconnection of gas supply in case of non-payment and

The division bench in its order observed that contention raised by the counsel of the petitioners However, CNG stations have required consideration and

روز نا مه تو اکے وقت لرا پی (8) 30 جؤری 2019ء



تھردیپ رورل ڈیو پسٹ پروگرام کے چیف آگیز بکٹیوافر اللہ اوار سومروکو کے کا کی کے صدر میں انتظام اگذا شیلڈ دے ہیں

... روز نامه فرض ، كرا چى بدھ 30 جورى 2019ء



كراچى بقردىپددول دى پائىك پروگرام كے چيف الكريكون فيراللد فرانسوروكوكى ي آئى، ئى آردى يى بۇد فريقكىش پروگرام اود يوكىلى كىشترك كائى سيشن كانسقاد پرجنيداسا على شيلانيش كرد بىل